Water Washing of Startup Crude Oil

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During startup of cold sub-sea wells, methanol is injected at the wellhead to prevent the formation of hydrates in the pipeline/riser system. Methanol injection continues until the fluid arrival temperature exceeds hydrate-formation temperature at the operating pressure, and the typical duration is a few days. Methanol contamination is problematic, and hence the methanol specification of the crude oil is usually less than 20 ppmw. Water or brine wash is often used to reduce the methanol content of the startup crude oil. This paper studies the design of these systems using process simulation. The enabling need is for a reliable and accurate thermodynamic model. The model must describe the three-phase system containing the aqueous and oil liquid phases and the vapor phase, and the key needed feature is description of the distribution coefficient of methanol between the oil and aqueous phases. A model has been developed based upon the ElectrolyteNRTL model in Aspen Plus, and the presentation describes the key data sources and the parameter development. The model enables design of an optimum process flowsheet, and a two-stage countercurrent has been determined to be the optimum option.